



THE INSTRUCTION TO THE AUTHORS FOR WRITING AND PREPARING MANUSCRIPTS

The Editorial board of the "Law - theory and practice" journal asks the authors to write their manuscripts to be published according to the following instruction.

In the journal there are being published the pieces of work referring to legal, economic and social disciplines. Namely, in the journal there are published: scientific articles, surveys, reviews, the analyses of regulations, the comments on the court decisions, students' papers and other additional texts. The manuscripts are to be sent in English and Serbian through OJS online platform.

(<http://casopis.pravni-fakultet.edu.rs/index.php/ltp/about/submissions>)

The manuscripts will be published in English.

All manuscripts must submit to review. Each scientific paper must be reviewed by at least two reviewers according to the choice of the editorial board.

The editorial board has the right to adjust the manuscript to the editorial rules of the journal.

General information about writing the manuscript:

The manuscript should be written in the Microsoft Word text processor, Times New Roman font of the value of 12 pt, in Latin letters, with a spacing of 1,5. One is supposed to use the value of 25 mm for all margins. The scope of the manuscript can be of 12 pages at most in an A4 format including a text, tables, pictures, graphs, literature and other additional material.

The title-page of the paper should contain the title of the paper work in English, and below it there should be written the same thing in Serbian of the font size of 14 pt, Bold. After that, there is a spacing and, then, there should be stated the author's name and surname, his/her title, affiliation (the work place **with obligatory stating the name of the country too**), an e-mail address and contact phone, the font size of 12 pt. If the author has his/her ORCID number, it should be stated immediately after his/her name and surname. For more information about ORCID iD, please visit <https://orcid.org> and after the registration insert your ORCID iD number.

Then, there is a spacing, and after that there should be written an abstract of the length to 250 words in English, and in Serbian below it of the font size of 12 pt. An abstract represents a brief informative contents review of the article enabling the reader's quick and precise judgment of its relevance. The authors have to explain the goal of their research or to state the reason why they decided to write the article. Then, it is needed the methods being used in a research to be described including a short description of the results being reached in a research.

Key words are stated after one line of a spacing below the abstract written in English, and, also, in Serbian below it. There should maximally be five of them, of the font size of 12 pt, Italic. Then comes a two-line spacing and the text of the paper work.

Manuscript should be written concisely and intelligibly in a logical order which, according to the rule, includes the following: an introduction, the working out of the topic



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and a conclusion. The letters of the basic text should be of the font size of 12 pt. Titles and subtitles in the text are supposed to be of the font size of 12 pt. Bold.

The name and number of illustrations (diagrams, photographs, graphs) should be represented in the middle of the line above the illustration, the font size of 12 pt. The name and number of a table should also be represented in the middle of the line above the table, the font size of 12 pt. Below the illustration or table, it is obligatory the source to be stated (“Source:...”), the font size of 10 pt. If the results of the author's research are represented in the form of a graph or table, there should be stated as a source below the illustration or table: Author's research.

If the author of the text writes a thank-you note or states the project references within which the text has been written and the like, he/she does it in a special section – Acknowledgments, which, according to the ordinal number, comes after the Conclusion, and before the author's affiliation and the summery of the text written in Serbian.

Use APA style to write references (The hand book for publishing, the American Psychological Association) as an international standard for writing references. Remarks, namely footnotes, may contain additional explanations or comments referring to the text. Footnotes are written in a font size of 10 pt.

Within the APA style, the used source is stated **inside the text**, in the way the elements (the author, the year of publication, the page number where the quoted part is) are indicated in parentheses immediately before the full stop and separated by a comma.

Citing rules inside the manuscript

If the cited source has been written by one author:

When a sentence contains the author's name and his/her cited words, then, after the author's name, there is stated the year of publication of the cited text in the brackets. At the end of the sentence, it is necessary the page number on which there is a sentence from the cited text to be indicated:

There is an example:

As Besermenji (2007) points out, “it is especially present the problem of the air pollution, which is explicitly a consequence of an extremely low level of ecological awareness as well as the lack of professional education in the field of environment” (p. 496).

In the case when the author is not mentioned in the sentence, his/her surname, the year of publication of the paper work and the page number in the paper should be put in brackets and at the end of the sentence.

There is an example:

Also, “rural tourism is expected to act as one of the tools for sustainable rural development” (Ivolga, 2014, p. 331).

A note: If a citation has been made by paraphrasing or resuming, then it is not necessary the page number to be stated.

There is an example:



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The environment represents everything that surrounds us, namely everything with which a human's living and producing activity is either directly or indirectly connected (Hamidović, 2012) and practice

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If the cited source has been written by two authors:

There should be put “and” or “&” between the authors' surnames depending on the fact whether the authors are mentioned in the sentence or not.

There are some examples:

Chaudhry and Gupta (2010) state that as many as 75% of the world's poor live in the rural areas and more than one-third of rural areas are in arid and semiarid regions.

Hence, “rural development is considered as a complex mesh of networks in which resources are mobilized and in which the control of the process consists of interplay between local and external forces” (Papić & Bogdanov, 2015, p. 1080).

If the cited source has been written by three to five authors:

When such a source is cited for the first time, all the authors should be stated:

There is an example:

(Cvijanović, Matijašević Obradović & Škorić, 2017)

When this source is later cited again, there should be stated only the first author's surname and added "et al.".

There is an example:

(Cvijanović et al., 2017)

If the cited source has been written by six and more authors:

By the first and all further citations, the first author's surname should be stated and added "et al.".

There is an example:

(Savić et al., 2010)

If the author of the cited text is an organization:

In the case when the author of the cited text is an organization, then its name should be put in brackets as an author of the text. If the organization has a known abbreviated name, then one has to write this abbreviated name in a square bracket, after the full name, in the first citation, while any further citation should be marked by this abbreviated name.

There is an example:

the first citation: (Serbian Academy of Sciences and Arts [SASA], 2014)

further citations: (SASA, 2014)

If the authors of the cited text have the same surname:

In the case of the authors having the same surname, there should be used the initials of their names in order to avoid the confusion.

There is an example:

The attitude made by D. Savić (2017) is presented...



If there are cited several references of the same author from the same year:

If there are two or more references cited from the same author and from the same year, then, after the fact of the year, there have to be added the marks "a", "b", etc.

There is an example:

(Dragojlović, 2018a)

(Dragojlović, 2018b)

If there exist two or more texts in one citation:

When one cites two or more texts in one citation, then, in brackets, there are stated the surnames of the authors of original texts in the order of publication and they are separated by a semicolon.

There is an example:

Obviously, living and working in rural areas has always been connected with specific material and symbolical relations to nature (Milbourne, 2003; Castree & Braun, 2006).

If there is cited the newspaper article with the stated author:

There is an example:

In *NS uživo* there was published (Dragojlović, 2021) that...

In the list of the used references, this reference should be written in the following way: Dragojlović, J. (2021). Anketirani Novosađani za vraćanje smrtne kazne u Ustav [Novi Sad residents surveyed to return the death penalty to the Constitution]. *NS uživo*, January 22.

If there is cited the newspaper article without the author being stated:

There is an example:

Published in *Politika* (2012)

In the list of the used references, this reference should be written in the following way: *Politika*. (2012). Straževica gotova za dva meseca [Straževica finished in two months]. February 1.

If the personal correspondence is cited:

The example: According to Nikolić's claims (2020),

In the list of the used references, this reference should be written in the following way: Nikolić, A. (2020). Pismo autoru [Letter to the author], 21. novembar.

If it is cited the text in press, at the end of the reference, and before the full stop, it is obligatory to add "in press".

If the court decisions, the praxis of the European court for human rights, and other sources from both national and international court praxis are cited, a reference should contain as much precise facts as it is possible: the type and number of the decision, the date when it was made, the publication where it was published.



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The example in the text: (The Decision of the Superior court in Belgrade - A special department K.Po1 no. 276/10 from 26th January 2012).
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The example in the text: (Borodin v Russia, par. 166.)

A note:

The sources from the court praxis **are not stated** in the list of the used literature. A full reference from the court praxis **is stated** in a footnote. While citing the European court for human rights praxis there should be indicated the number of the submitted petition.

There is an example of a reference in a footnote:

As it is stated in the Decision of the Superior court in Belgrade - A special department K.Po1 no. 276/10 from 26th January 2012 Intermex (2012). Bilten Višeg suda u Beogradu [Bulletin of the High Court in Belgrade], 87, p. 47.

Borodin v Russia, the petition no. 41867/04, the sentence ECHR, 6. 2. 2013, par. 166.

If the laws and other regulations are cited:

When citing a legal text or other regulation, in the text there should be stated a full name of law or other regulation including the year when the law or regulation was enforced.

There is an example:

(The Code of criminal procedure, 2011)

(The Book of rules on the content of the decision on conducting the procedure of public procurement made by several consignees, 2015)

This rule is also applied to laws and other regulations not being in force any longer.

There is an example:

(The Criminal law act of Republic of Serbia, 1977)

When citing the international regulations, in the text it is enough to state a shortened name of the document together with its number and year when it was accepted.

There is an example:

(Regulation No. 1052/2013) ili (Directive 2013/32)

If there is cited the text of the unknown year of publication or the unknown author's paper work:

In the paper work, such a kind of text should be cited in the way that in the place of the year there is stated "n.d." (non dated).

There is an example:

Their significance for parliamentary processes is unmeasureable (Ostrogorski, n.d.).

If there is a paper work of the unknown author used in a manuscript, there will be stated the title of the paper being cited together with the year, if it is known.

There is an example:

All these are confirmed by a mixed, objective-subjective theory (The elements of a criminal offense, 1986, p. 13).



An important note:

The cited sources (regardless the fact in which language they have been written) are not supposed to be translated into English, except the title of the paper work (publications, a legal act or bylaw) which should be translated and written in a square bracket.

The example:

1.) Matijasevic Obradović, J. (2017). Značaj zaštite životne sredine za razvoj ekoturizma u Srbiji [The importance of environmental protection for the development of ecotourism in Serbia]. *Agroekonomika*, 46 (75), pp. 21-30.

2.) Jovašević, D. (2017). *Krivična dela ubistva [Murder as a Crime]*. Beograd: Institut za kriminološka i sociološka istraživanja.

3.) Uredba o ekološkoj mreži Vlade Republike Srbije [The Ecological Network Decree of the Government of the Republic of Serbia]. *Službeni glasnik RS*, no. 102/10 da li ovde treba no.

4.) Zakon o turizmu [The Law on Tourism]. *Službeni glasnik RS*, no. 17/19

At the end of each text, in the section under the name of “**References**”, it is obligatory to state the list of all cited references according to an alphabetical order. The titles in foreign languages beginning with definite or indefinite articles ("a", "the", "Die", ...) are ordered as if the article does not exist. The reference list should only include the works that have been published or accepted for publication.

The editorial board insists on the references of recent date, which will specially be taken into account while choosing the manuscripts to be published. At the end of each reference, it is obligatory to state a DOI number, if the cited reference contains it. If the cited reference does not contain a DOI number, the author can refer to the URL address.

The example of the stated reference together with a DOI number:

Počuča M., & Matijašević Obradović, J. (2018). The Importance of Evidence Collection in Procedures for Criminal Acts in the Field of Economic Crime in Serbia. In: Meško, G., et al. (eds.), *Criminal Justice and Security in Central and Eastern Europe: From Common Sense to Evidence-based Policy-making* (pp. 671-681). Maribor: Faculty of Criminal Justice and Security and University of Maribor Press. DOI: 10.18690/978-961-286-174-2

The example of the stated reference together with an URL address:

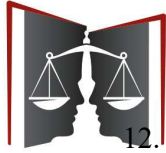
Milosavljević, B. (2015). Pravni okvir i praksa primene posebnih postupaka i mera za tajno prikupljanje podataka u Republici Srbiji [Legal framework and practice of application of special procedures and measures for secret data collection in the Republic of Serbia]. In: Petrović, P. (ured.), *Posebne mere tajnog prikupljanja podataka: između zakona i sudske*



The examples of the used references being stated at the end of the paper work:

References:

1. Agencija za privredne registre. *Privredna društva [Companies]*. Downloaded 2020, January 10 from <https://www.apr.gov.rs/o-agenciji.1902.html>
2. *California Secretary of State*. Downloaded 2020, December 15 from <https://www.sos.ca.gov/business-programs/>
3. Dukić-Mijatović, M. (2011). Korporativno upravljanje i kompanijsko pravo Republike Srbije [Corporate Governance and Companies Business Law of the Republic of Serbia]. *Pravo -teorija i praksa*, 28 (1-3), pp. 15-22.
4. Dragojlović, J., & Bingulac, N. (2019). *Penologija između teorije i prakse [Penology between theory and practice]*. Novi Sad: Pravni fakultet za privredu i pravosuđe u Novom Sadu.
5. Dragojlović, J. (2021). Anketirani Novosađani za vraćanje smrtne kazne u Ustav [Novi Sad residents surveyed to return the death penalty to the Constitution]. *NS uživo*, January 22.
6. Gopalsamy, N. (2016). *A Guide to Corporate Governance*. New Delhi: New Age International.
7. Jesover, F., & Kirkpatrick, G. (2005). The Revised OECD Principles of Corporate Governance and their Relevance to Non-OECD Countries. *Corporate Governance: An International Review*, 13 (2), pp. 127-136. DOI: 10.1111/j.1467-8683.2005.00412.x
8. Milosavljević, B. (2015). Pravni okvir i praksa primene posebnih postupaka i mera za tajno prikupljanje podataka u Republici Srbiji [Legal framework and practice of application of special procedures and measures for secret data collection in the Republic of Serbia]. In: Petrović, P. (ured.), *Posebne mere tajnog prikupljanja podataka: između zakona i sudske prakse [Special measures for secret data collection: between law and case law]* (pp. 5-33). Beograd: Beogradski centar za bezbednosnu politiku. Downloaded 2021, January 15 from https://bezbednost.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/posebne_mere_tajnog_prikupljanja_podataka_-_vodice_vodic_.pdf
9. Počuča M., & Matijašević Obradović, J. (2018). The Importance of Evidence Collection in Procedures for Criminal Acts in the Field of Economic Crime in Serbia. In: Meško, G., et al. (eds.), *Criminal Justice and Security in Central and Eastern Europe: From Common Sense to Evidence-based Policy-making* (pp. 671-681). Maribor: Faculty of Criminal Justice and Security and University of Maribor Press. DOI: 10.18690/978-961-286-174-2
10. Regulation (EU) No. 1052/2013 establishing the European Border Surveillance System (Eurosur), OJ L 295 of 6/11/2013.
11. Škorić, S. (2016). *Uticaj poslovnog imena privrednog društva na njegovo poslovanje - doktorska disertacija [The influence of the business name of the company on its*



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12. Škuljorin, M. (2007). *Krivično procesno pravo [Criminal Procedural Law]*. Beograd: Pravni fakultet Univerziteta u Beogradu i JP Službeni glasnik.

13. Uredba o ekološkoj mreži Vlade Republike Srbije [The Ecological Network Decree of the Government of the Republic of Serbia]. *Službeni glasnik RS*, br. 102/10.
14. Veljković, N. (2017). *Indikatori održivog razvoja: Srbija i svet [Sustainable development indicators: Serbia and the world]*. Downloaded 2017, October 22 from <http://indicator.sepa.gov.rs/o-indikatori>
15. Zakonik o krivičnom postupku [Criminal Procedure Code]. *Službeni glasnik RS*, no. 72/11, 101/11, 121/12, 32/13, 45/13, 55/14 and 35/19.